



The Multiethnic Cohort Study

Confidentiality and Data Security



Confidentiality of Data

The Multiethnic Cohort has established many **fail-safes** to protect the confidentiality and integrity of the data.

Training on data confidentiality is required of all staff. Users must sign a **confidentiality statement**.

The **Institutional Review Boards** of University of Hawai'i and University of Southern California review all aspects of the study to ensure that ethical practices are followed and risks are minimized.

Data are stored on a UH server behind a **firewall** and are **password** protected.

Best practices for data security and **HIPAA rules** are followed.

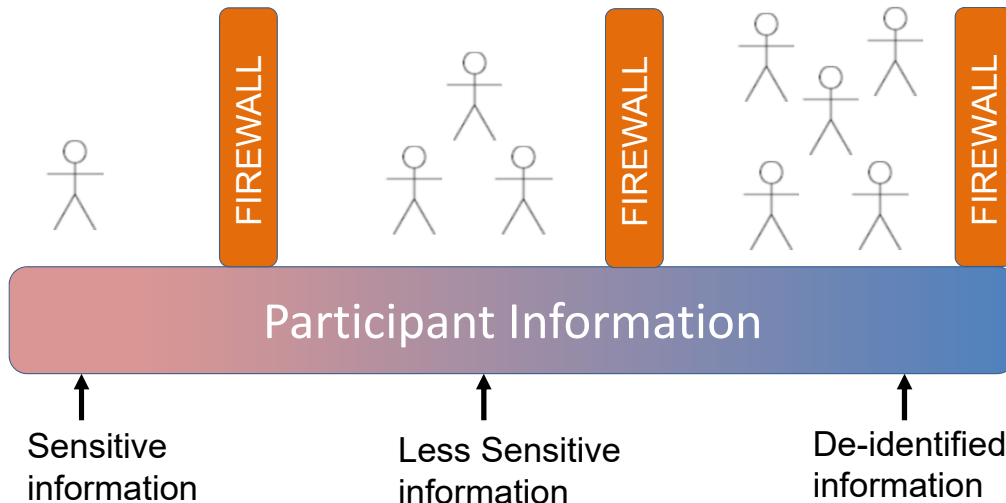
Protected Health Information (PHI) is stored separately from other data and is accessible by a very small number of people.

The **minimal data rule** means that the researchers are given access to the minimal amount of information required for the task.

De-identified data are provided to researchers. No researcher has access to PHI or to identifiers that link to PHI.

Data access and use is **monitored**.

Data protection in Multiethnic Cohort



Definition of PHI According to HIPAA

- Names
- All geographical identifiers smaller than a state
- Dates (other than year) related to an individual
- Phone Numbers
- Fax numbers
- Email addresses
- Social Security numbers
- Medical record numbers
- Health insurance beneficiary numbers
- Account numbers
- Certificate/license numbers
- Vehicle identifiers
- Device identifiers
- Web Uniform Resource Locators (URLs)
- Internet Protocol (IP) address numbers
- Biometric identifiers, including finger, retinal and voice prints
- Full face photographic images
- Any other unique identifying number, characteristic